



Inspection Report

HARRY BONHAM
WANDA BONHAM

Customer ID: **30128**
Certificate: **43-A-4436**
Site: 001
HARRY & WANDA BONHAM

100 CO RD 6740

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Nov-04-2010

POTTERSVILLE, MO 65790

3.1 (c) (1) (ii)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Interior surfaces and any surfaces that come in contact with dogs must: (ii) Be free of jagged edges or sharp points that might injure the animals.

**In the back row of outdoor enclosures there are 2 enclosures that have a piece of horse panel at the gate. The panel wire has been cut to size, but where it was cut, there are sharp points. The dogs could receive injury from coming into contact with the sharp points. For the health and well being of the dogs, interior surfaces and any surfaces that come in contact with dogs must be free of jagged edges or sharp points that might injure the animals. The sharp points must be repaired, replaced or modified.

This affects 3 adult dogs. TO BE CORRECTED BY: 4 NOVEMBER 2010.

Note: This is an exact transcription of the original report.

Prepared By:

KATHRYN VERNON, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 5041

Date:
Nov-08-2010

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(c)

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Title:



Inspection Report

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Customer ID: **30128**
Certificate: **43-A-4436**
Site: 001
HARRY & WANDA BONHAM

100 CO RD 6740

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jun-29-2010

POTTERSVILLE, MO 65790

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

(b) Each dealer or exhibitor shall establish and maintain programs of adequate veterinary care that include: (2) The use of appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries.

****There are 2 dogs that have large pink and red tissue underneath the eye. The white English Bulldog named Candy has these tissues in both eyes and they are very large. The brindle and white English Bulldog has the large red tissue in the right eye. These 2 dogs need to be seen and evaluated and treated by the veterinarian by the end of this day. The written treatment plan must be available to the inspector.

This affects 2 adult dogs. TO BE CORRECTED BY 29 JUNE 2010.

2.50 (a) (1)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

(1) All live dogs held on the premises, purchased, or otherwise acquired, sold or otherwise disposed of, or removed from the premises for delivery to a research facility or exhibitor or to another dealer, or for sale, through an auction sale or to any person for use as a pet, shall be identified by an official tag of the type described in Sec. 2.51 affixed to the animal's neck by means of a collar made of material generally considered acceptable to pet owners as a means of identifying their pet dogs or cats (2), or shall be identified by a distinctive and legible tattoo marking acceptable to and approved by the Administrator.

****There are 25 adult or juvenile dogs that do not have an official form of identification. These dogs do not have a collar with tag, official tattoo or microchip. There is not an individual number listed on the APHIS Form 7005 Record of Acquisition of Dogs and Cats on Hand. These dogs cannot be identified. All dogs on the premises must be identified as described above.

This affects 25 adult dogs. TO BE CORRECTED BY 3 JULY 2010.

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3.1 (c) (1) (i)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Interior surfaces and any surfaces that come in contact with dogs must: Be free of excessive rust that prevents the required cleaning and sanitization, or that affects the structural strength of the surface.

****The steel posts in front of the back row of pens have an accumulation of rust over their entire surface. In the front row of pens, the gate to the 4th enclosure from the north end has a rusted and broken bottom rail. Rusty surfaces cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized and affect the structural integrity of a surface. For the health and well being of the dogs, the rusty surfaces must be repaired or removed and replaced. The surfaces must be maintained.

This affects 18 adult dogs. TO BE CORRECTED BY: 14 JULY 2010.

3.4 (b)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

Shelter from the elements. Outdoor facilities for dogs must include one or more shelter structures that are accessible to each animal in each outdoor facility, and that are large enough to allow each animal in the shelter structure to sit, stand, and lie in a normal manner, and to turn about freely. Shelters in outdoor facilities for dogs must contain a roof, four sides, and a floor.

****In the 2 large enclosures containing the large dogs, there is a large shed that is open on one side and about ¾ of the adjacent side but there are no shelters provided. For the health and well being of the dogs, shelters in outdoor facilities for dogs must contain a roof, four sides, and a floor. Shelters of appropriate size for the dogs must be provided and maintained.

This affects 6 adult dogs. TO BE CORRECTED BY: 2 JULY 2010.

3.9 (b)

FEEDING.

(b) Food receptacles must be used for dogs and cats, must be readily accessible to all dogs and cats, and must be located so as to minimize contamination by excreta and pests, and be protected from rain and snow. Feeding pans must either be made of a durable material that can be easily cleaned and sanitized or be disposable. If the food receptacles are not disposable, they must be kept clean and must be sanitized in accordance with Sec. 3.11(b) of this subpart. Sanitization is achieved by using one of the methods described in Sec. 3.11(b)(3) of this subpart. If the food receptacles are disposable, they must be discarded after one use. Self-feeders may be used for the feeding of dry food. If self-feeders are used, they must be kept clean and must be sanitized in accordance with Sec. 3.11(b) of this subpart. Measures must be taken to ensure that there is no molding, deterioration, and caking of feed.

****In the large enclosure containing the 4 Dogue de Bordeaux, there is no food receptacle and the feed has been placed on a cement pad. The cement pad is also walked on by the dogs and this contaminates

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the food. Food must be placed in food receptacles and maintained in a manner that prohibits the contamination by excreta, pests and is protected from rain and snow.

This affects 4 adult dogs. TO BE CORRECTED BY: 29 JUNE 2010.

An exit interview was done with the owner and Katy Vernon, ACI after the inspection and when the inspection report was delivered and signed.

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100 CO RD 6740

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

POTTERSVILLE, MO 65790

Date: Jul-08-2009

THERE WERE NO NONCOMPLIANT ITEMS OBSERVED IN THIS INSPECTION.

Prepared By:

KATHRYN VERNON, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 5041

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Customer ID: 30128
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100 CO RD 6740

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jun-09-2008

POTTERSVILLE, MO 65790

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

(b) Each dealer or exhibitor shall establish and maintain programs of adequate veterinary care that include: (2) The use of appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries.

****There was a medication (injectable Ketofen) that did not have an expiration date written on the label. There was a bottle of injectable Oxytocin that had a used needle and syringe still in the rubber stopper. Proper storage of medications is vital to their sterility and efficacy. Needles, especially once used on an animal should never be put back into a medication that is to remain sterile-it causes contamination of that medication and makes it hazardous to use. An expiration date is vital to prevent a medication being used on an animal when it is not efficacious. Use of expired medications can be hazardous to the health and wellbeing of the animals.

This affects potentially all the animals in this building (12 adults and 68 puppies)

NOTE: CORRECTION WAS TAKEN BY THE LICENSEE'S WIFE REMOVING THOSE MEDICATIONS FROM THE KENNEL.

3.1 (e)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(e) Storage. Supplies of food and bedding must be stored in a manner that protects the supplies from spoilage, contamination, and vermin infestation.

****Under the overhang roof of the shed there are 2 shrink-wrapped pallets of dog food. The food is not protected from wild or stray animals, vermin, pests, or other animals, etc that can cause contamination and infestation. The food must be stored in a manner that protects the supplies from spoilage, contamination, and vermin infestation.

Prepared By:

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Inspection Report

This affects all the dogs in the facility.

TO BE CORRECTED BY 17 JUNE 2008.

3.6 (a) (2) (i)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

(2) Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they: (i) Have no sharp points or edges that could injure the dogs.

****The outdoor enclosures with welded panels have areas of sharp points from the cutting of the panels. In the Schnauzer pen and Wheaten pen, there is corrugated sheet metal that has sharp edges with which the dogs can contact as they move about. Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they have no sharp points or edges that could injure the dogs. The sharp edges and points must be removed or covered to prevent the dogs from injury. A regular maintenance schedule would help in noticing and repairing areas that can injure the dogs.

This affects 11 adult dogs.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 11 JUNE 2008.

3.6 (a) (2) (x)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

(2) Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they (x) Have floors that are constructed in a manner that protects the dogs' feet and legs from injury, and that, if of mesh or slatted construction, do not allow the dogs' feet to pass through any openings in the floor.

****In the whelp house, the floors are constructed of a slatted type of material. The feet of the very young puppies easily pass through the spaces in the floor and can become injured. In three of the enclosures there young litters and the inspector observed feet passing through the spaces and the dam jumping about. The legs could become injured from her jumping about and possibly onto the legs. For the health and well being of the puppies, some method of keeping the puppies' feet and legs from passing through the spaces must be devised and continued for all litters.

This affects 12 puppies at this time.

TO BE CORRECTED IMMEDIATELY

Prepared By:

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